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AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) A medical device comprising a composite having an inorganic substrate and a polymer eevering—applied on all of the substrate surfaces, the polymer forming a structure shaped differently from the structure of the substrate, and providing the form of the device.
- 2. (Original) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the inorganic substrate comprises metal.
- 3. (Original) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the inorganic substrate comprises a ceramic.

4. Canceled

- 5. (Previously Presented) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the polymer is selected from the group consisting of polyetheretherketones, polyacetals, polyethersulfones, polyarylsulfones, polyetherimides, polycarbonates, and polysulfones.
- 6. (Original) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the polymer has an average thickness of at least about 10 microns.
- 7. (Original) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the polymer has an average thickness from about 100 microns to about 2000 microns.
- 8. (Original) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the medical device comprises a heart valve prosthesis, the heart valve prosthesis comprising a component that comprises the composite having the inorganic substrate and the polymer material.

- 9. (Original) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the polymer material has structure forming a slot, hole, pin, button, barb or anchor.
- 10. (Previously Presented) A medical device comprising a flexible composite component comprising an inorganic substrate and a polymer member covering the substrate, wherein the flexible composite component can be bent through a cross section of the flexible component composite, and wherein the polymer member contacts bodily fluids and separates the bodily fluids from the substrate.
- 11. (Original) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the inorganic substrate comprises a metal foil with a thickness less than about 500 microns.
- 12. (Original) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the polymer is selected from the group consisting of polyurethanes, polydimethylsiloxanes and polytetrafluoroethylenes.
- 13. (Original) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the polymer member has a thickness from about 10 microns to about 500 microns.
- 14. (Original) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the polymer member has a thickness from about 50 microns to about 300 microns.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the medical device comprises a heart valve prosthesis and the composite component comprises leaflets.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the flexible composite component can be bent about 180 degrees without extending the flexible composite component beyond its elastic limit.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the flexible composite component can be bent about 180 degrees with a radius of curvature of about the

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thickness of the composite without extending the flexible composite component beyond its elastic limit.

- 18. (Previously Presented) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the flexible composite component can be bent about 60 degrees for about 40 million cycles without significant structural failure.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the flexible composite component can be bent about 60 degrees for about 400 million cycles without significant structural failure.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The medical device of claim 10 wherein the composite further comprises comprising a diamond-like carbon coating over at least a portion of the polymer member.

21 - 30 Canceled

- 31. (Previously Presented) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the polymer is crosslinked.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The medical device of claim 1 wherein the polymer is rigid.